Parallelizing The Laplace Solver
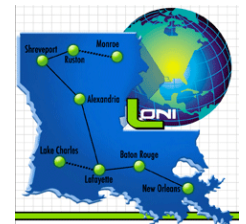
Writing a parallel program step by step

- Step 1. Start from serial programs as a baseline
  – Something to check correctness and efficiency against
- Step 2. Analyze and profile the serial program
  – Identify the "hotspot"
  – Identify the parts that can be parallelized
- Step 3. Parallelize code incrementally
- Step 4. Check correctness of the parallel code
- Step 5. Iterate step 3 and 4
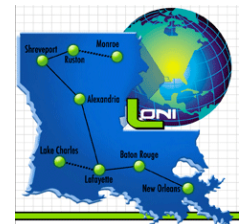
```
//Read and validate command line arguments

//Initialize the arrays
For each element
    value=0

//Set up boundary conditions
For each boundary element
    value=something


// Main loop
For each iteration
    For each element
        Update the value with the 5-point stencil
        Calculate convergence error
    Find maximum convergence error
    If the convergence criterion is met
        Break from the loop
```
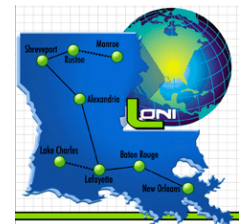
Which parts can and should be parallelized?

//Read and validate command line arguments

//Initialize the arrays
For each element
    value=0

//Set up boundary conditions
For each boundary element
    value=something
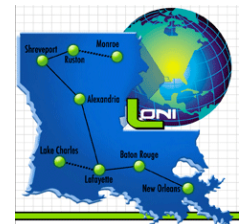
// Main loop
For each iteration
    For each element
        Update the value with the 5-point stencil
        Calculate convergence error
    Find maximum convergence error
    If the convergence criterion is met
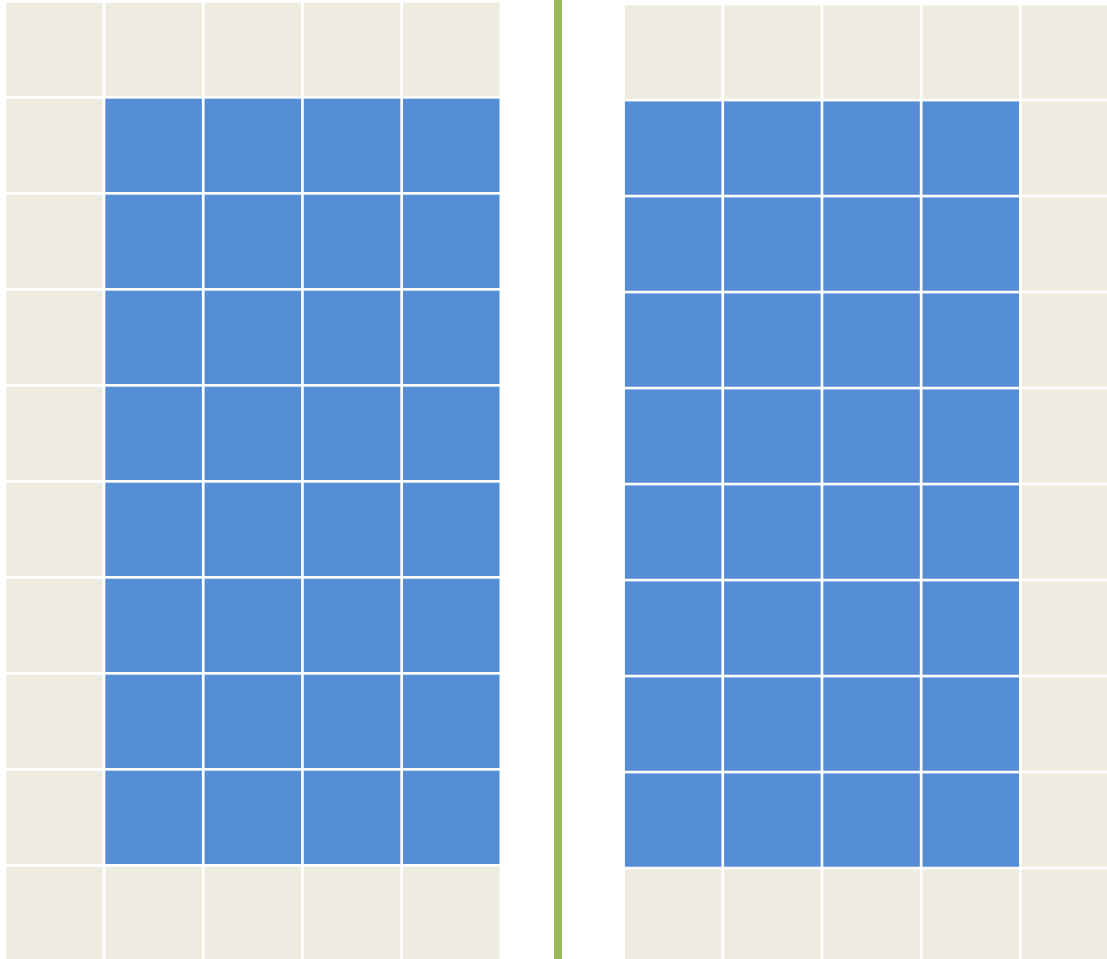   Break from the loop
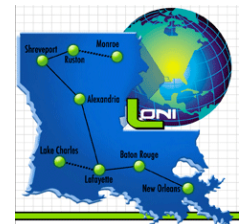
These are the parallelizable parts
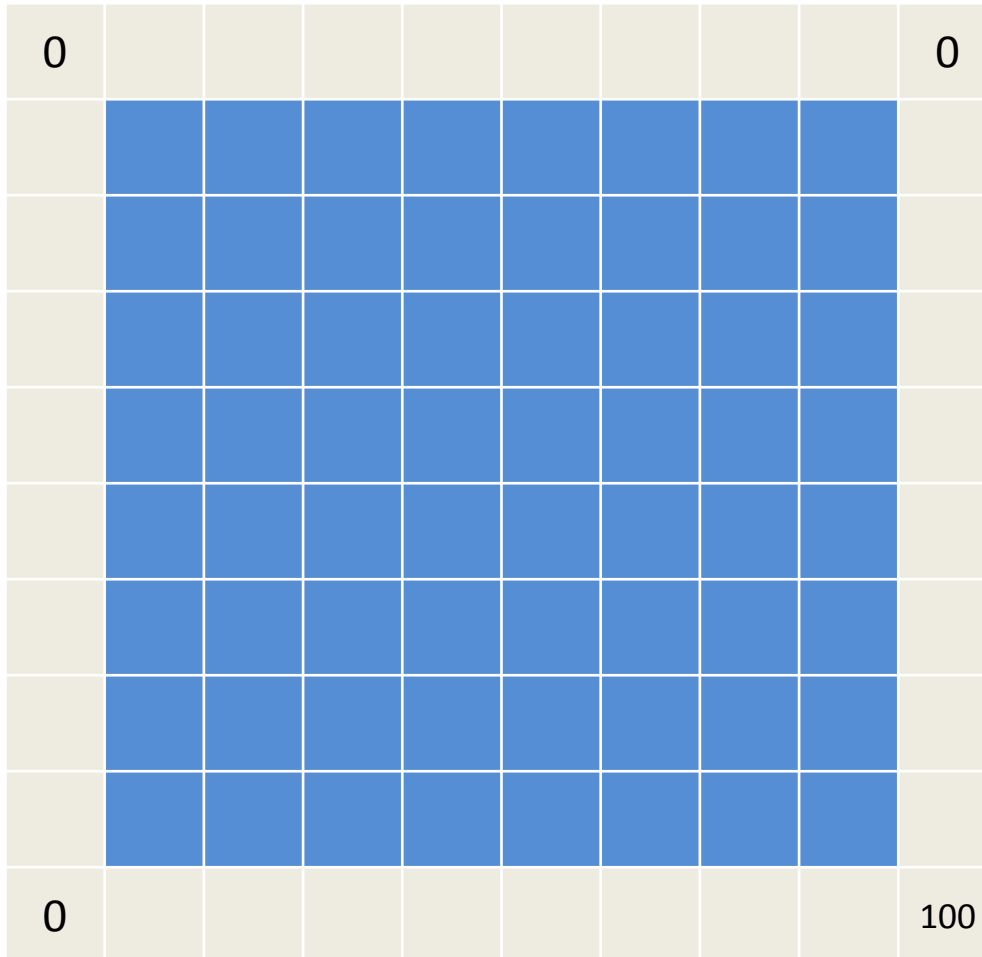
What if we have two workers (assuming distributed memory model)?
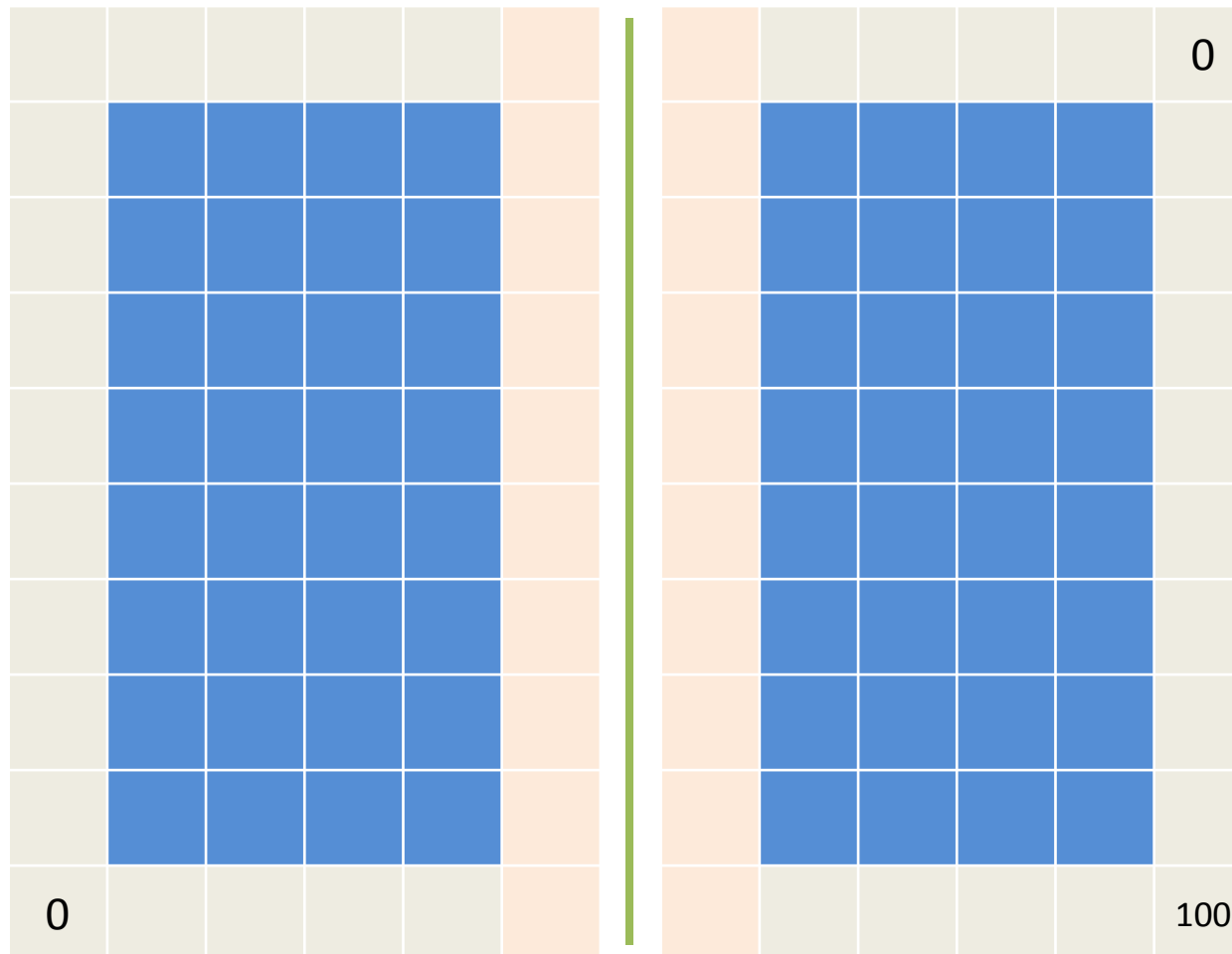
We can divide the domain into two parts and assign one to each worker

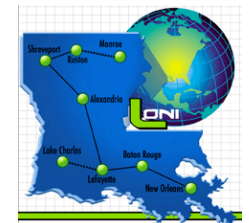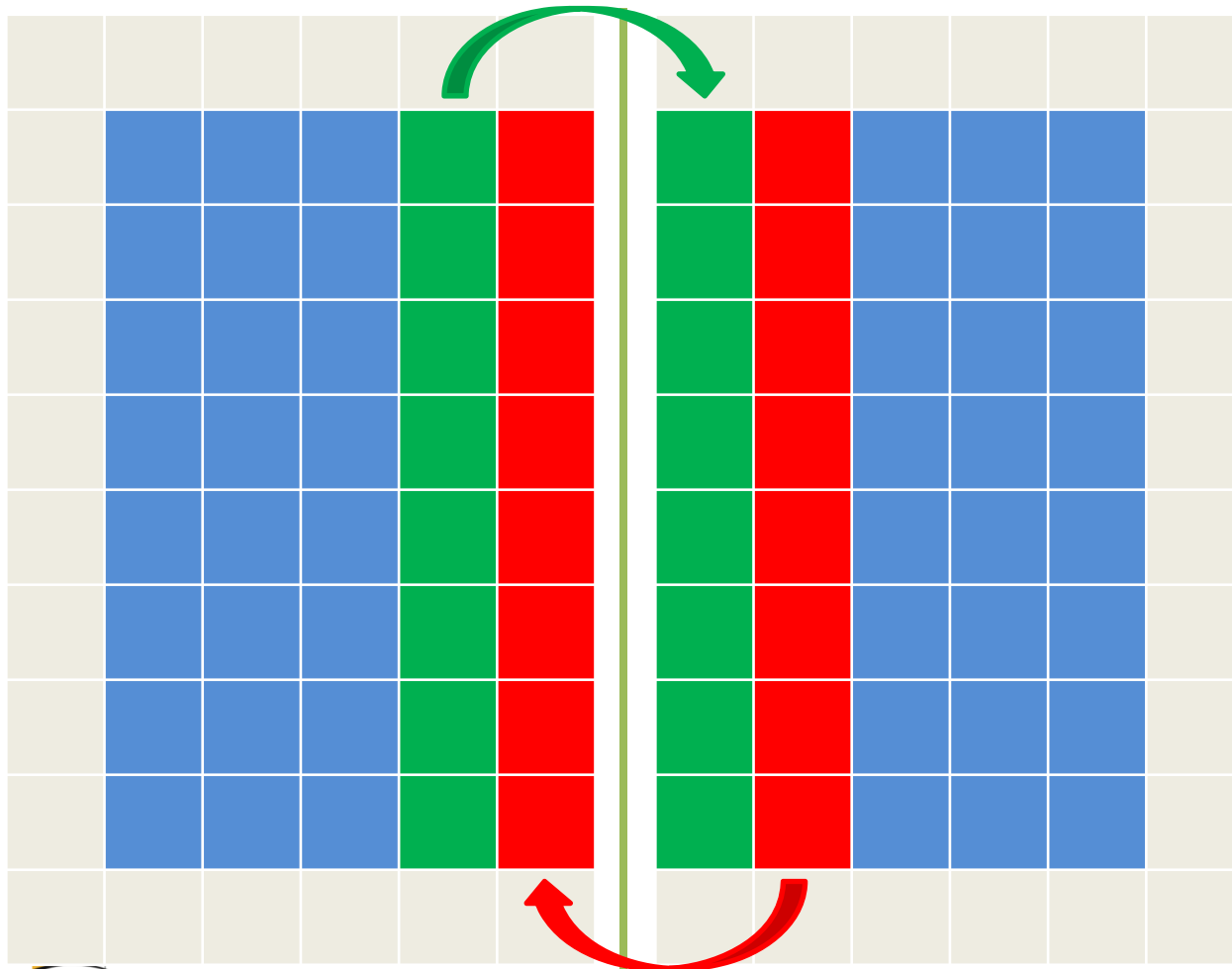Anything wrong with this decomposition?

0

Each will need their own ghost zone

Independently, They can initialize the array, set the boundary condition and update values using the 5-point stencil.

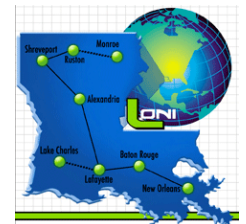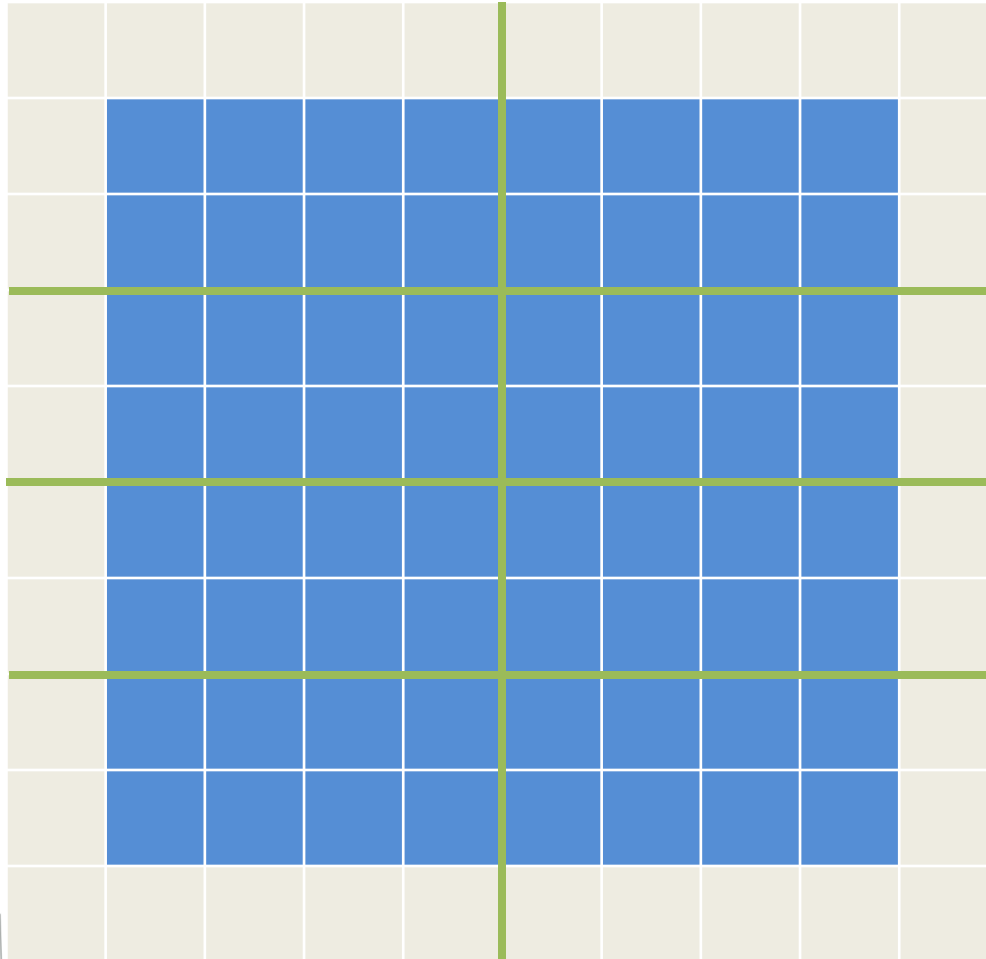Is communication necessary?

0

100

After each iteration, they need to exchange boundary data with neighbors. Also, they need to exchange the max convergence error with all other workers so the global error can be found.
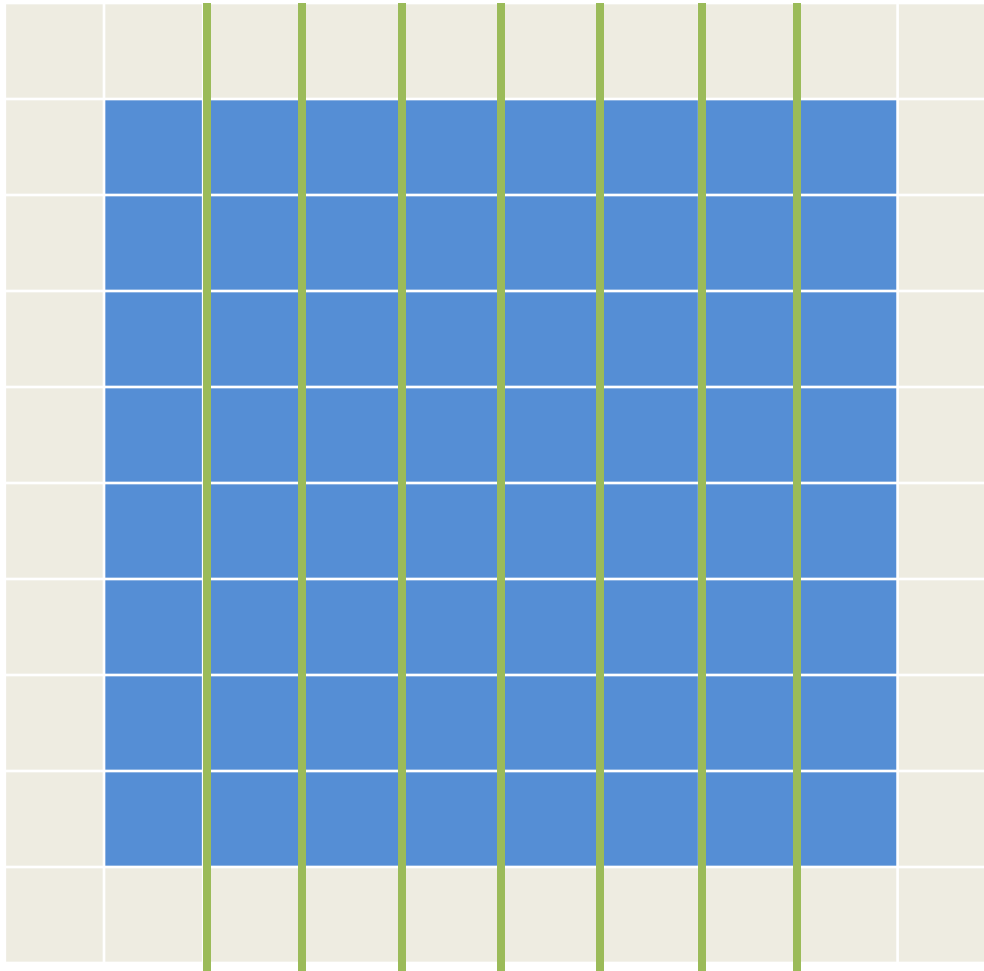
What if we have more workers? Can we still do 1-d decomposition? And does the direction (row or column) of decomposition matter?

1-d decomposition should still work. But how about 2-d decomposition?

//Read and validate command line arguments

//Initialize the arrays
Decide the array size for each process
For each element
  value=0

//Set up boundary conditions
For each boundary element
  value=something

// Main loop
For each iteration
  For each element
    Update the value with the 5-point stencil
    Calculate convergence error
  Find maximum convergence error
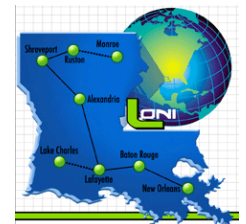 **Exchange boundary data with neighbors**
  Exchange the max convergence error with all others
  If the convergence criterion is met
    Break from the loop

Parallel Laplace solver

Laplace v0

1. MPI_Init etc.
2. Calculate subdomain size: $N_{sub}=N/N_{procs}$
3. Allocate the array as either $(N_{sub}+2,N+2)$ or $(N+2,N_{sub}+2)$

Laplace v1

1. Set boundary condition correctly (using rank and nprocs)
2. In each iteration, after updating all element, exchange boundary data:

   if (rank != 0) exchange with above or left

   if (rank != nprocs-1) exchange with below or right
3. Find the global max convergence error and distribute to all processes

Laplace v2